

NATIONAL DRUG LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY
(Federal Republic of Nigeria)

2016 ANNUAL REPORT



Vision Statement

To become the most proactive and leading Drug Law Enforcement Agency on the African Continent and one of the best in the world through the provision of effective and efficient services to Nigerians by cutting off the supply of illicit drugs, reducing the demand for illicit drugs and other substances of abuse, tracing and recovering drug-related proceeds and contributing to the creation and maintenance of an enviable image for the Nation throughout the world

Mission Statement

The National Drug Law Enforcement Agency shall deploy all resources at its disposal for the total eradication of illicit trafficking in narcotic drugs and psychotropic substances; suppression of demand for illicit drugs and other substances of abuse; recovery of ill gotten wealth, acquired from proceeds of illicit drug trade; protection, enhancement and maintenance of the image of Nigeria and Nigerians at home and abroad.

FROM THE CHAIRMAN/CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S DESK

The year 2016 has indeed left a lot of lessons in Drug Control activities in the country. In previous years, we have always found our statistics of arrests and seizures of a current year outstripping the penultimate year. Such a progressive activity is considered a healthy operational performance because more and more drugs and offenders are stamped out of circulation. But a comparative statistical analysis of the Agency's operations during the year 2016 shows a remarkable decline in both arrest and seizures. This again can be said to be a healthy development in that the drug malady is expectedly responding to treatment. Although there were occasional huge seizures, the drug prevalence is no doubt, shrinking, especially category A drugs which are not produced in the country.

There were some major hauls of Cannabis sativa produced, locally, running into tones in even some unlikely places like Enugu, where it is not produced in any reasonable scale. In a strategic operation, we were able to take the battle to Cannabis plantations located in the dead of the forests. More plantations were destroyed in 2016, amounting to 718.78 hectares compared to 377. 12 hectares in 2015.

There is, however, no corresponding decrease in the number of suspects arrested. Here, the decline is not significant compare to that of seizures, which is a sad pointer to the fact that our people are still not sufficiently deterred from the illicit drug trade.



Generally, the operating environment during the year was not clement. There was a yawning gap between the achievements made and the crippling funding of the Agency. The concerted efforts to nip the activities of these deadly drug merchants could be attributed to the strategic powers and the raw determination of the Agency to succeed.

I am happy to note that the Agency has kept faith with its operational promise of an intensive and extensive policing of the nation's air, sea and land borders which are becoming more difficult for the cartel to operate. With corresponding homeland efforts to forestall cultivation of cannabis sativa and movement of consignments, there is basis for our enthusiasm that the nation will soon heave a sigh of relief from the pandemic drug challenge.

There is, however, a cause to worry. Records show that other jurisdictions, such as our neighboring African countries are being converted to transit routes to Europe and Asia. Some of these illicit drugs will no doubt find its way through the porous borders to our hinterland for local consumption. This calls for some diplomatic engagement of these countries to adopt equally fierce measures for them to be on the same page with Nigeria in drug control.



Our fear over the local production of the deadly methamphetamine has been allayed. It is cheering to note that in this reporting year no clandestine laboratory was discovered, ostensibly due to the Agency crack down activities on such laboratories in the past. Today, methamphetamine like cocaine and heroin is being smuggled into the country, through its porous borders.

As an Agency, we have to be alive to our obligation to make sure that Nigeria is on top of the drug challenge by reducing this illegitimate business to the barest minimum. This mandate is inviolable to us as an Agency. The Agency is more determined than ever in ensuring that seizures of these illegal substances continues to plummet, while looking forward to a year where seizure would no longer be significant owing to non-availability of these substances.

To attain this height, all hands must be on deck. Government at all levels as well as the general public must take the center stage of the country's counter-narcotic drive. It must be all-inclusive efforts that must accommodate the MDAs and NGOs within and outside the country and work on a better relationship with the general public.

We promise to be more strategic both in our communication and operations. The narrative must change from an overwhelming drug challenge to a drug-free nation.



A drug-free nation is possible!

Col. Muhammad Mustapha Abdallah (Rtd.) LL.M
Chairman/Chief Executive

1. Brief History of the National Drug Law Enforcement Agency

1.0 Background

The Government of Nigeria (GON) has been deeply concerned about the magnitude of the rising trend in the demand for and traffic in narcotic drugs and psychotropic substances, which adversely affects the international image of the country and the wellbeing of her citizenry. Recognising the links between illicit traffic in drugs and psychotropic substances and other related organized criminal activities which undermine the legitimate economy and threaten the stability and security of the country within the sub-region, Nigeria has been in the forefront of global efforts at suppressing the drug menace in support of global peace and security.

Building on its 1935 Dangerous Drugs Act, Nigeria has been a signatory to all United Nations International Conventions on Drugs and Psychotropic substances, including the "1988 Vienna Convention" which demanded that all countries that are signatories to the convention should domesticate them into local legislations as well as put in place Institutional frameworks to control the rising drug problem.

The National Drug Law Enforcement Agency (NDLEA) thus became a product of the 1988 Convention, recognizing that eradication of illicit traffic in narcotic drugs and psychotropic substances must be vigorously pursued by reinforcing and promulgating a comprehensive legislation to supplement international measures

already taken towards effective and meaningful eradication of the illicit traffic, misuse and abuse of narcotic drugs and psychotropic substances.

1.1 Functions of the Agency

The Agency commenced operations in 1990, charged with the responsibility of enforcing the provisions of Decree 48 of 1989 (now CAP N30 LFN 2004) and coordinating all drug laws and policies which powers were previously conferred on any other statutory body in the country including campaigns to check the abuse of narcotics and psychotropic substances. Some of these functions are:

- (a) the enforcement and the due administration of the provisions of the NDLEA Act;*
- (b) The coordination of all drug laws and enforcement conferred on any person or authority, including Ministers in the Government of the Federation, by any such laws;*
- (c) Adoption of measures to identify, trace, freeze, confiscate or seize proceeds derived from drug-related offences or property whose value corresponds to such proceeds;*
- (d) Adoption of measures to eradicate illicit cultivation of narcotic plants and to eliminate illicit demand for narcotic drugs and psychotropic substances with a view to reducing human suffering and eliminating financial incentives for illicit traffic in narcotic drugs and psychotropic substances;*

(e) taking such measures which might require the taking of reasonable precautions to prevent the use of ordinary means of transport for illicit traffic in narcotic drugs including making special arrangements with transport owners;

(f) Adoption of measures which shall include coordinated preventive and repressive action, introduction and maintenance of investigative and control techniques;

(g) Adoption of measures to increase the effectiveness of eradication efforts;

(h) The facilitation of rapid exchange of scientific and technical information and the conduct of research geared towards eradication of illicit use of narcotic drugs and psychotropic substances;

(i) Taking measures for the early destruction of or disposal of the narcotic drugs and psychotropic substances which have been seized, confiscated and forfeited;

(j) Facilitation or encouragement of the presence or availability of persons, including persons in custody who consent to assist in investigations or participate in proceedings relating to narcotic drugs and psychotropic substances

(k) Enhancing the effectiveness of law enforcement to suppress illicit traffic in narcotic drugs and psychotropic substances;

(l) Establishing, maintaining and securing communication to facilitate the rapid exchange of information concerning offences and improving international cooperation in the suppression of illicit traffic in narcotic drugs and psychotropic substances by road, sea and air;

(m) Reinforcing and supplementing the measures provided in the Convention on Narcotic Drugs 1961, as amended by the 1972 Protocol; the 1971 Convention on Psychotropic Substances and the United Nations Convention Against Illicit Traffic in Narcotic Drugs and Psychotropic Substances 1988 as adopted by the Nigerian domestic law, in order to counter the magnitude and extent of illicit traffic in narcotic drugs and psychotropic substances and its grave consequences;

(n) Taking such measures that may ensure the elimination and prevention of the root causes of the problems of narcotic drugs and psychotropic substances;

(o) Strengthening and enhancing effective legal means for international cooperation in criminal matters for suppressing international activities of illicit traffic in narcotic drugs and psychotropic substances;

(p) collaborating with government bodies within and outside Nigeria carrying out functions wholly or in part analogous to those of the Agency concerning among others -

- (i) the identities, whereabouts and activities of persons suspected of being involved in offences mentioned in this Act;*
- (ii) the movement of proceeds or property derived from the commission of such offences;*
- (iii) the movement of narcotic drugs and psychotropic substances specified in the Second Schedule to this Act, and instrumentalities used or intended for use in the commission of such offences;*
- (iv) the exchange of personnel and other experts*
- (v) the establishment and maintenance of a system for monitoring international dealings in narcotic drugs and psychotropic substances in order to identify suspicious transactions and persons engaged in them;*

(q) taking charge, supervising, controlling, coordinating all the responsibilities, functions and activities relating to arrest, investigation and prosecution of all offences connected with or relating to illicit traffic in narcotic drugs and psychotropic substances, notwithstanding any law to the contrary; and

(r) Strengthening co-operation with the Office of the Attorney General of the Federation, the Police Force, Customs Agencies, Immigration services, welfare officials, health officials and other law enforcement agencies in the eradication of illicit traffic in narcotic drugs and psychotropic substances

1.2 Special Powers of the Agency

The Agency has powers:

- a. *To cause investigation to be conducted as to whether any person has committed an offence under the Act;*
- b. *To ascertain whether any person has been involved in offences under the Act or in the process of such offences to cause investigation to be conducted into properties of any person if it appears to the Agency that the person's life style and properties worth do not match his ostentatious living;*
- c. *For the purpose of inquiring into and ascertaining whether an offence under paragraph (b) subsection (ii) of this section has been committed, the Agency may by notice in writing call upon any one to furnish it within a time specified in the notice, with information, returns, accounts, books, or other documents in custody of such persons as the Agency may consider fit and proper in the circumstances;*
- d. *The Agency shall not exercise the power conferred upon it by paragraph (b) of this section without first obtaining the approval of the Attorney General of the Federation. For the purposes of carrying out or enforcing the Act, all officers of the Agency involved in the enforcement of the provisions of the Act shall have the same powers, authority and privileges (including power to carry arms) as are given by law to the members of the Nigeria Police.*

1.3 Operational Scope

The NDLEA is the main organ of the Federal Government of Nigeria responsible for the control of illicit drug trafficking. It also plays the lead and coordinating role in demand reduction, drug control policy formulation and implementation in the country. Established in 1989, the Agency has had eight (8) Chief Executives to date. Its National Headquarters is located at No. 4 Shaw Road, Ikoyi.

2.0 Administration

The Agency has seven (7) established directorates and fourteen (14) autonomous Units and offices that work together to carry out its drug control mandate. The Agency operates in 36 State Commands and the Federal Capital Territory (FCT) Abuja. This is in addition to ten (10) Special Area Commands (SACs) located at the nation's international airports, sea ports and land borders.

➤ Directorates

- i. Administration and Finance
- ii. Operations and General Investigation
- iii. Drug Demand Reduction
- iv. Prosecution and Legal Services
- v. Assets and Financial Investigation
- vi. Training and Manpower Development; and
- vii. Technical Services

- **Departments and Autonomous Offices:**
- i. Chairman/Chief Executive's Office
 - ii. Secretary to the Agency's Office
 - iii. Lagos Office
 - iv. Internal Affairs
 - v. Joint Task Force (JTF)
 - vi. Special Investigation Unit (SIU)
 - vii. Forensics and Chemical Monitoring
 - viii. International Affairs
 - ix. National Drug Control Strategy/Inter-ministerial Drug Control Secretariat
 - x. Internal Audit
 - xi. Public Affairs
 - xii. Canine (Sniffer Dog) Unit
 - xiii. Combined Inter- Agency Task Force (CIATF)
 - xiv. Intelligence Data Centre

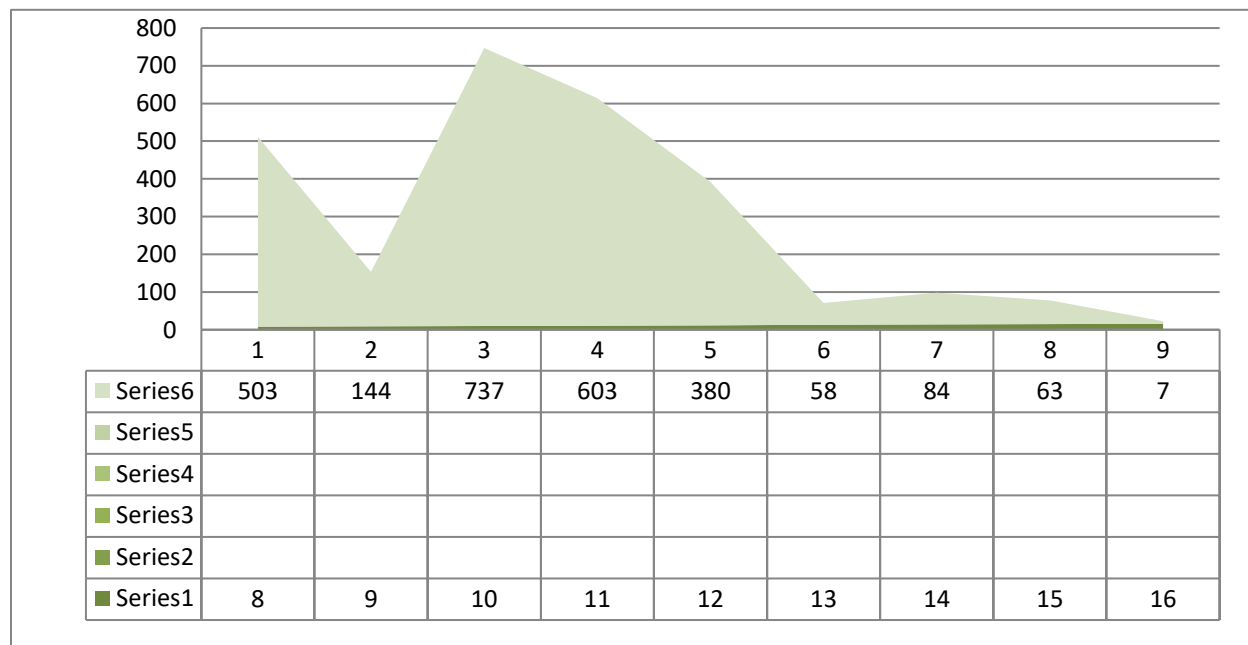
STAFF DISPOSITION BY GENDER AS AT 31ST DECEMBER

Gender	No.	%
M	4,015	81.16
F	932	18.84
Total	4,947	100

STAFF DISPOSITION BY COMPASS

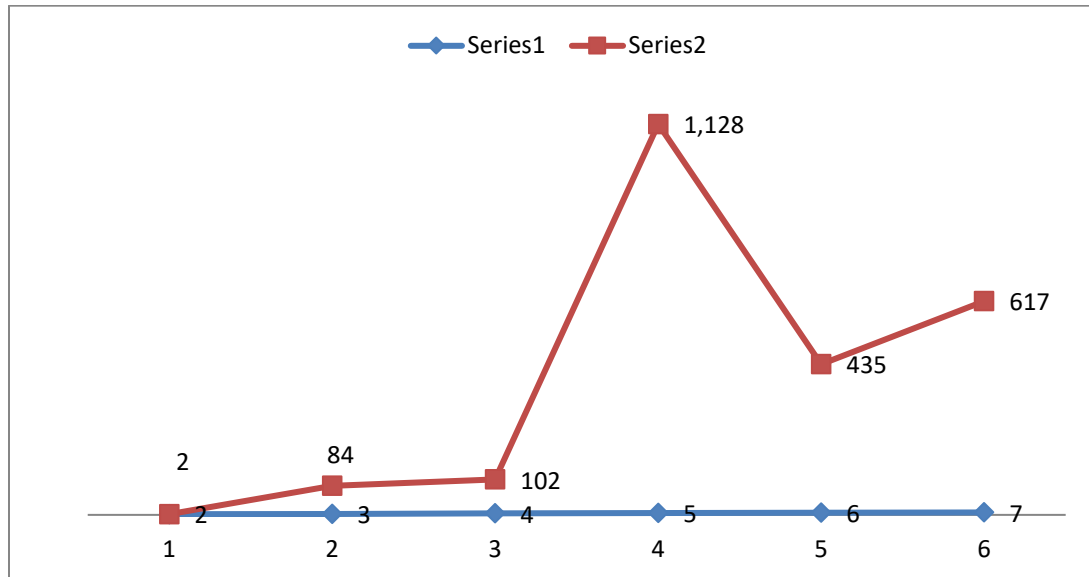
Senior cadre

COMPASS	No.	%
08	503	19.50
09	144	5.58
10	737	28.57
11	603	23.38
12	380	14.37
13	58	2.25
14	84	3.26
15	63	2.44
16	07	0.27
Total	2,579	100



Junior Cadre

COMPASS	No.	%
02	02	0.09
03	84	3.55
04	102	4.31
05	1,128	47.63
06	435	18.37
07	617	26.05
Total	2,368	100



3.0 2016 Operational Results

In 2016, the Agency arrested **8,257** suspected drug offenders. This figure is made up of **7,720** males and **537** females. The total drug seizures during the period stood at **267,591.49 Kilogrammes**. Cannabis sativa accounted for **187,394 kilogrammes** of the drugs seized followed by **77,755.21 kilogrammes** of Psychotropic substances, **1,352.56kilogrammes** of Methamphetamine and **718.27kilogrmmes** of Ephedrine. Other drugs include Cocaine which accounted for **305.17kilogrammes** and **66.28 kilogrammes** of heroin.

There was no outstanding difference between the 2016 and 2015 statistics of arrests. In 2015, the number of male suspects arrested was **8,143** while the female suspects were **635**. A total of **8,778** suspected drug offenders were arrested in 2015 representing a decrease of about **6.08%** when the two periods were compared.

Also, there was a tremendous decrease in drug seizure. In 2015, a total of **903,624.56 kilogrammes** of illicit drugs were seized compared to **267,591.49 kilogrammes** in 2016 which shows a decrease of **70.39%**. Seizures of cannabis in 2015 amounted to **871,480.32 kilogrammes**. Psychotropic substances were **30,652.93 kilogrammes** while cocaine and heroin were **260.47 kilogrammes** and **30.09 kilogrammes**, respectively.

There was a remarkable increase in cannabis farm land destroyed. In 2016, a total of **718.78 hectares** of cannabis plantation were

discovered and destroyed while in 2015, only 377.12 **hectares** of cannabis plantations was destroyed. This represents an increase of about 52.46%. The aftermath of the increase in farmlands discovered could be seen partly in the decrease in the quantity of cannabis sativa seized on the operational fields in 2016. Another reason for the decrease was the campaign awareness programs carried out by almost all the formations of the Agency nationwide. Also the Agency discovered and destroyed one clandestine laboratory in Asaba, Delta State.

Statistics of Arrests nationwide

COMMANDS	Males	Females	Total	%
KANO	736	8	744	9.01
KATSINA	562	0	562	6.80
PLATEAU	386	18	404	4.89
BAUCHI	311	10	321	3.89
KADUNA	290	29	319	3.86
OYO	278	21	299	3.62
RIVERS	255	36	291	3.52
JIGAWA	275	4	279	3.38
ANAMBRA	249	23	272	3.29

EDO	219	50	269	3.26
FCT	261	7	268	3.25
OGUN	235	25	260	3.15
TARABA	239	6	245	2.97
AKWA IBOM	204	39	243	2.94
NIGER	227	3	230	2.79
KOGI	221	8	229	2.77
LAGOS	217	5	222	2.69
SOKOTO	214	3	217	2.63
ADAMAWA	212	3	215	2.60
BAYELSA	167	48	215	2.60
ABIA	178	21	199	2.41
DELTA	163	30	193	2.34
KWARA	148	15	163	1.97
ONDO	136	15	151	1.83
ZAMFARA	143	4	147	1.78
BENUE	125	10	135	1.63
EBONYI	101	11	112	1.36

ENUGU	104	8	112	1.36
IMO	90	7	97	1.17
EKITI	81	11	92	1.11
GOMBE	87	3	90	1.09
CROSS RIVER	76	12	88	1.06
OSUN	82	6	88	1.06
YOBE	88	0	88	1.06
KEBBI	78	5	83	1.00
MMIA	61	15	76	0.92
BORNO	58	0	58	0.70
NASARAWA	44	3	47	0.57
SEME	31	8	39	0.47
DOGI	24	3	27	0.33
NAIA	16	2	18	0.22
JTF	13	0	13	0.16
SET	11	1	12	0.14
AIIA ENUGU	9	1	10	0.12
APAPA PORTS	6	0	6	0.07

PH PORT	4	0	4	0.05
CIATF	3	0	3	0.03
MAKIA	2	0	2	0.02
TOTAL	7720	537	8257	100

Kano, Katsina and Plateau States in that order took the lead in number of suspects arrested during period in consideration

Seizures in kgs

COMMANDS	COCAINE	HEROIN	CANNBIS	METH	EPHED RINE	PSYCHO/ OTHERS	TOTAL
EDO	0.029	0.0067	59,138.89	0	0	242.75	59,381.68
KANO	0.3382	0	2738.97	0	48.8	36,769.33	39,557.41
ONDO	0.0019	0.0031	37336.31	0	0	25.62	37,361.93
KADUNA	0.031	0.019	748.01	0	0.072	16,275.63	17,023.76
FCT	1.6083	0.0051	16584.51	0	0	103.24	16,689.36
LAGOS	0.1211	0.0375	16,327.40	0	0	242.88	16,570.43
DELTA	0.1179	0	8,815.59	0.014	0	18.39	8,834.115
KOGI	0	0	7542.90	0	0	6.93	7,549.835

ADAMAWA	0	0	422.02	0	0	5637.09	6,059.11
KEBBI	0	0	1886.07	0	0.25	3,424.17	5310.489
SEME	0	0	4229.07	0	0	6	4,235.07
ENUGU	0.0683	0	4,050.39	0	0	0	4,050.46
BAUCHI	0	0	3313.65	0	0	492.14	3,805.79
JTF	3.08	1.062	0	84.05	100.10	3,268.34	3,453.55
OGUN	0.003	0.003	3254.71	0	0	39.85	3,294.57
NIGER	0		519.05	0	0	2,655.64	3,184.685
OYO	0.014	0.0009	2865.27	0	0	2.83	2,868.111
KATSINA	0	0	2150.72	0	0	596.29	2,747.014
NASARAWA	0.002	0	2465.78	0	0	0	2,465.782
PLATEAU	0.0293	0	1612.91	0	0.2173	392.93	2,006.089
DOGI	6.911	0.478	492.41	30.699	0	1,282.15	1,812.645
TARABA	0	0	702.63	0	2.67	1005.	1,710.295
JIGAWA	0.0359	0	1265.91	0	0.096	59.85	1,325.892
OSUN	0	0	1,244.09	0	0	0.15	1,244.241
BORNO	0.074	0.0013	822.75	0	0.25	187.37	1,010.443
ANAMBRA	0.3387	0.3114	938.68	25.7289	0	0	965.059
SET	0	0	60.736.35	826.882	122	0	948.882

BENUE	0	0	783.58	0	0	118.77	902.35
RIVERS	0.2892	0.49	875.67	5.0031	0	17.98	899.4343
YOBE	0	0	499.14	0	0	348.26	847.402
EKITI	0	0	734.36	0	0	2.30	736.66
MMIA	45.413	45.06	27.62	175.365	102.01	333.99	729.458
KWARA	0	0	556.07	0	0	24.77	580.84
GOMBE	0	0	130.92	0	0	418.36	549.2767
ZAMFARA	0	0	388.64	0	0	50.6776	439.3176
CROSS RIVER	0.0033	0.0253	220.29	76.011	100	3.23	399.56
AKWA IBOM	0.0531	0.5866	389.53	0	0	3.365	393.5347
IMO	0.04159	0.02897	347.16	0.00352	0	1.1	348.3341
ABIA	0.4091	0.4561	322.57	0	0	0	323.4352
TINCAN	214.732	0	0	0	0	3.67	218.398
BAYELSA	0.0345	0.0683	188.05	0	0	21.431	209.5838
SOKOTO	0	0	191.70	0	0	3653.83	191.7
EBONYI	0.0007	0	165.89	0	0	18.90	184.7907
NAIA	27.1536	7.036	0	0	144	0	178.1896
APAPA PORTS	0.002	0.001	1	92	73	0	166.003

AIIA ENUGU	3.53	0	64.88	0	0	0	68.41
CIATF	0	0	0	36.8	24.8	0	61.60
IDI-IROKO	0	0	32	0	0	0	32
MAKIA	0.7	10.6	0	0	0	0	11.3
PH PORT	0	0.0027	6.24	0	0	0.01	6.2545
PHIA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	305.166	66.283	187,394	1,352.56	718.265	77,755.21	267,591.48

Edo, Kano and Ondo in that order took the lead in quantity of drugs seized during the period under review.

Below is the table that represents 'OTHERS'

COMMANDS	TRAMADOL	BENZODIA ZEPINES	KHAT	OPIODS	OPIATES	BARBI TURATES	OTHERS
ABIA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ADAMAWA	1248.666	4388.424	0	0	0	0	0
AIIA ENUGU	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
AKWA IBOM	2.1	0.5	0	0	0	0	0.765
ANAMBRA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
APAPA PORTS	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
BAUCHI	177.575	314.5652	0	0	0	0	0

BAYELSA	0.882	20.549	0	0	0	0	0
BENUE	66.0965	0	0	0	0	0	52.67
BORNO	152.263	20.593	0	0.355	0	0	14.157
CIATF	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CROSS RIVER	2.1998	0.0303	0	0	0	0	1
DELTA	0.3715	0.002	0	0	18	0	0.02
DOGI	0	2.33	1,279.82	0	0	0	0
EBONYI	18.9	0	0	0	0	0	0
EDO	189	53.75	0	0	0	0	0
EKITI	0	2.3	0	0	0	0	0
ENUGU	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
FCT	61.1245	19.568	0	5.3	0	0	17.249
GOMBE	311.33922	107.0175	0	0	0	0	0
IDI-IROKO	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
IMO	0	0	0	0	0	0	1.1
JIGAWA	12.75	3.94	0	0.3	21.43	0	21.43
JTF	3,268	0	0	0	0	0.3414	0
KADUNA	15,910.30	19.21812	0	0.3	207.303	0	138.51
KANO	24,522.90	750.991	0	25.467	7127.9	0.869	4341.2

KATSINA	349.5435	116.8825	0	0.8357	106.2474	0	22.785
KEBBI	1097.666	5.075	0	2.632	2314.77	0.9079	3.118
KOGI	4.71	1.775	0	0	0	0.45	0
KWARA	19.95	4.82	0	0	0	0	0
LAGOS	192.9181	49.958	0	0	0	0	0
MAKIA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MMIA	333.99	0	0	0	0	0	0
NAIA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NASARAWA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NIGER	2605.4806	53.918	0	0	0	0	6.2365
OGUN	36.644	3.2109	0	0	0	0	0
ONDO	1.1184	24.5	0	0	0	0	0
OSUN	0.1	0.050987	0	0	0	0	0
OYO	1.521	0	0	0		0	1.305
PHIA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
PH PORT	0.0118	0	0	0	0	0	0
PLATEAU	66.71456	198.6643	0	2.094	0	0	125.46
RIVERS	2.3484	14.9344	0	0	0	0.6992	0
SEME	0	0	0	0	6	0	0
SET	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

SOKOTO	2470.637	2.65	0	0	1178.403	0	2.141
TARABA	477.057	7.333	0	2.1	512.024	0	6.481
TINCAN	0	0	0	0	0	3.666	0
YOBE	177.412	0	0	150.01	0	0	20.84
ZAMFARA	22.3814	11.1092	0	0	13.886	0.105	3.196
TOTAL	53,804.67	6,198.66	1,279.82	189.39	11,505.96	7.04	4,779.6

Note: Tramadol, Benzodiazepines and Opiates in that order were the commonly used drugs, during the period under review. Others above represent unclassified drugs.

Airlines Used By Traffickers (MMIA ONLY)

SN	AIRLINE	FREQUENCY	%
1.	ETHIOPIAN AIRLINE	19	22.89
2.	EMIRATES	18	21.68
3.	SOUTH AFRICAN AIRWAYS	9	10.84
4.	TURKISH AIRLINE	6	7.22
5.	ROYAL AIR MAROC	5	6.02
6.	ETIHAD AIRWAYS	4	4.81

7.	ASKY	3	3.61
8.	BRITISH AIRWAYS	3	3.61
9.	KENYA AIRWAYS	3	3.61
10.	QATAR AIRWAYS	3	3.61
11.	RWAND AIR	3	3.61
12.	EGYPT AIR	2	2.40
13.	AERO	1	1.20
14.	AIR COTE D'IVOIRE	1	1.20
15.	ARIK AIR	1	1.20
16.	CARGOLUX	1	1.20
17.	KLM	1	1.20
	TOTAL	83	100

Note: The table above indicates that Ethiopian Airways was the most frequently patronised flight by couriers during the period under consideration, followed by Emirate and South African Airlines respectfully. It also shows that the three leading airlines accounted for more than 50% of the total frequency of airlines used by drug couriers during the period under consideration.

- *Destination of drug Couriers arrested at MMIA, Lagos*

S/N	DESTINATION	FREQUENCY	%
1.	NIGERIA	42	48.84
2.	CHINA	7	8.14
3.	SOUTH AFRICA	6	6.98
4.	GREECE	5	5.81
5.	TURKEY	3	3.49
6.	HONG KONG	2	2.33
7.	IRELAND	2	2.33
8.	UK	2	2.33
9.	AUSTRALIA	1	1.16
10.	CONGO BRAZZAVILLE	1	1.16
11.	CONGO KINSHASA	1	1.16
12.	EGYPT	1	1.16

13.	GHANA	1	1.16
14.	GUINEA CONAKRY	1	1.16
15.	INDIA	1	1.16
16.	ITALY	1	1.16
17.	KENYA	1	1.16
18.	LIBERIA	1	1.16
19.	MADACASCAR	1	1.16
20.	MALAWI	1	1.16
21.	MALAYSIA	1	1.16
22.	MOZAMBIQUE	1	1.16
23.	NETHERLANDS	1	1.16
24.	QATAR	1	1.16
25.	UAE	1	1.16
	TOTAL	86	100

Note: The inflow of drugs into Nigeria is about 48.84% whereas the outward movement of couriers is about 51.16%, which indicates the fact that Nigeria is still being used mostly as a transit nation. The highest outward destinations of the couriers in the period under consideration were China, followed by South Africa as illustrated on the table above. The distribution is spreading more amongst other African States. Though, this might be a ploy to get to their final destinations; Europe and Asian continents as shown on the table above, one way or the other some of the drugs on transit get to the hinterlands for local consumption.

3.1 Visa Clearance

The Agency's Visa Clearance system remains an important instrument and continues to serve as a strong deterrent for aspiring drug dealers from obtaining visas from countries that have subscribed to the scheme. These countries are often either source or gateway countries for illicit drugs. The Visa programme, as a preventive measure, draws voluntary participation from foreign missions in Nigeria with the consent of their home countries. The participating Missions make the NDLEA Visa Clearance Certificate an additional requirement for Nigerian visa applicants who wish to obtain entry visas from these countries.

The issuance of a Clearance Certificate by the Agency, however, is not a guarantee and does not convey any assurance that visa will be issued to the applicant, but remains a valid additional requirement. The Agency usually collects some personal information from the applicants, demands for two (2) credible sureties (guarantors) from the applicants and carries out some background checks before clearance is issued. The scheme has been quite successful. Countries that have willingly subscribed to the visa clearance scheme include Brazil, Indonesia, Malaysia, Pakistan, Russia, India, Singapore and Thailand.

In the year 2016 the Agency received 2,147 visa applications 1,415 were cleared, 362 disqualified while 370 are pending due to incomplete documents and other reasons. The previous year showed that 1,711 applications were received.

There was an increase of 706 in the number of applications received by the Agency in 2016 when compared with the previous year. Available records show that from 2012 till 2015 the numbers of applicants is on

the downturn. In **2012**, about 3,255 applications were received, **2013** it was 2,468, **2014**, 1,964 applications were received and in 2015 1,711 applications were received.

However, in the year under consideration, there was an increase of about 44.45% in the number of applicants. In all these, the Agency has been able to separate the shaft from the wheat and only people with genuine intents were able to step forward and apply for the clearance certificates.

See table below

Year	No of Applicants
2012	3,255
2013	2,468
2014	1,964
2015	1,711
2016	2,417

- **3.2 Drug Deportees**

The Agency received **204** Nigerian nationals (179 males and 7 females) that were deported from other countries over drug related offences. The deportees were appropriately debriefed, documented and released on bail.

- **COUNTRIES OF DEPORTATION FOR 2016**

S/N	COUNTRY OF DEPORTATION	NUMBER DEPORTED
1.	THAILAND	43
2.	USA	38
3.	ITALY	29
4.	NORWAY	22
5.	UAE	11
6.	SOUTH AFRICA	10
7.	SPAIN	10
8.	INDIA	10
9.	GREECE	8
10.	FRANCE	6
11.	CHINA	5
12.	INDONESIA	3
13.	UK	3
14.	PAKISTAN	1
15.	AUSTRIA	1

16.	BRAZIL	1
17.	ETHIOPIA	1
18.	FINLAND	1
19.	MACAU	1
	TOTAL	204

- **DEPORTEES BY GENDER**

GENDER	NUMBER	%
MALE	197	96.56
FEMALE	7	3.44
TOTAL	204	100

- **MONETARY EXHIBIT SEIZED FROM DRUG SUSPECTS**

SN	TYPE OF CURRENCY	AMOUNT
1.	Nigerian Naira	₦ 4,453,516.23
2.	Euro	€326,205.89
3.	US DOLLARS	\$90,312.66

4.	Pound Sterling	£325.25
5.	CFA	28.5M

3.3 Public Destruction of Exhibits

In the year under consideration, the Agency did not have any record of public destruction of drug exhibits due to the embargo placed by the National Assembly on such activity.

Interdiction Score Card Since 2007

Year	Cannabis	Cocaine	Heroin	Others	Total	Male	Female	Total
2007	210,262.90	393.68	120.64	699.74	211,476.00	5,891	477	6,368
2008	335,535.34	365.49	11.61	530.40	336,442.84	7,584	315	7,899
2009	114,700.71	392.05	104.71	712.77	115,910.24	6,700	342	7,042
2010	174,661.59	706.43	202.08	2,550.62	178,120.73	6,296	492	6,788
2011	191,847.91	410.81	39.75	2,985.45	195,283.90	8,072	567	8,639
2012	228,794.13	131.89	211.03	3,905.45	233,699.60	7,510	542	8,052
2013	205,373	290.20	24.53	134,280.38	339,968.11	8,324	519	8,843
2014	53,878,194.52	226.04	56.45	7562.49	53,886,039.50	8332	494	8826
2015	871,480.32	260.47	30.09	31,442.86	903,624.56	8143	635	8778
2016	187,394	305.17	66.28	79,826.04	267,591.49	7,720	537	8257
TOTAL	56,398,244.42	3482.2	867.17	264496.2	56,668,156.97	74,572	4920	79,492

4.0 Assets and Financial Investigation:

Internal Investigation:

During the period of this report, the Directorate investigated thirteen (13) cases. Three (3) of these cases were transferred to EFCC, six (6) forwarded to Directorate of Prosecution and Legal Services and remaining four (4) are ongoing. These cases led to some seizures:

- a. Two million, six hundred and fourteen thousand, five hundred and fifty five naira ninety kobo (~~N~~**2,614,555.90**),
- b. Eighty two thousand, three hundred and seven (US) dollars (\$82,307).
- c. Three hundred and twenty five pounds and twenty five shillings (£325.25).
- d. Thirty two thousand, five sixty four euro (£32,564).
- e. Twenty eight million, five hundred CFAS (28.5m CFAS)

4.1 Mutual Legal Assistance:

There was no request for Mutual Legal Assistance received involving any Nigerian arrested in connection with trafficking for the period under consideration.

4.2 Cooperation with the stakeholders:

The Directorate received four (4) requests for intelligence from the Nigerian Financial Intelligence Unit (NFIU) for investigation and also forwarded twenty one (21) request to NFIU. However, nineteen (19) responses out of the twenty one (21) requests have been forwarded to the Agency to aid the ongoing investigation.

5.0 Joint Task Force

In the year under review, the unit was involved in a number of activities. In order to aid the accomplishments of the unit, the JTF took advantages of some governmental and private agencies like Motor Vehicle Administration Agencies (MVAA), Corporate Affairs Commission (CAC) Mobile Network Service Providers and Financial Institutions.

5.1 Mutual Legal Assistance:

The unit received quiet a number of correspondences from the Agency's foreign collaborators like, Turkey, Peru, Poland, Switzerland,



etc with some of these requests coming directly from their liaison offices here in Nigeria while a considerable part came from the National Intelligence Agency (NIA).

Other Activities

The unit also enjoyed joint operations with the Combined Inter-Agency Task Force CIATF, UK National Crime Agency (NCA), and other operational commands within the Agency, which include the Intelligence Analysts that led to a number of successful arrest and seizures. Apart from joint operations with the above mentioned Agencies, (CIATF and NCA) the command also shared intelligence with them and with the Directorate of General Investigation DOGI.

6.0 Prosecution and Legal Services:

In year 2016, the Agency prosecuted **2,278 cases** in which it won **2,256**. Nineteen cases **19** were discharged and acquitted while 3 cases were struck out.

The Directorate recorded the following monetary forfeitures; two hundred and thirteen thousand, eight hundred and eighty five naira (~~N~~213, 885.00). Other properties forfeited include: twenty two (22) vehicles and twenty five (25) motor cycles/generators.

S/N	Description of items	Interim	Final	Total
1.	Vehicles	8	14	22
2.	Motor cycles/generators	-	25	25

It is pleasing to know that the eras of non -commensurate sentences are over. In the year under review, some of the sentences secured ranged between ten years and 20 years. This will serve as a statement for would- be criminals, that it's no longer business as usual.

Summary of Prosecution by Conviction Rate

COMMANDS	CONVICTION	DISCHARGED /ACQUITED	STRUCK OUT	TOTAL HANDLED	SUCCESS RATE (%)
KANO	338	5		343	98.54
LAGOS	211			211	100
FCT	146			146	100
ADAMAWA	120			120	100
PLATEAU	96			96	100
GOMBE	95			95	100
JIGAWA	84			84	100

OYO	63	1		64	98.44
RIVERS	61	2	1	64	95.31
EDO	62			62	100
ENUGU	53	6	2	61	86.88
DELTA	57			57	100
KEBBI	56			56	100
ZAMFARA	56			56	100
TARABA	53			53	100
ANAMBRA	50			50	100
ABIA	46	1	-	47	97
OSUN	47			47	100
BAUCHI	46			46	100
ONDO	44			44	100
BENUE	43			43	100
NASARAWA	36			36	100
EBONYI	35			35	100
KADUNA	33			33	100
SOKOTO	33			33	100

NAIA	25			25	100
EKITI	24			24	100
CROSS RIVER	22			22	100
NIGER	22			22	100
BAYELSA	20			20	100
KOGI	20			20	100
OGUN	20			20	100
YOBE	19			19	100
AKWA IBOM	14	4		18	77.77
MMIA	18			18	100
KWARA	17			17	100
KASTINA	16			16	100
MAKIA	14			14	100
BORNO	11			11	100
SEME	11			11	100
AIIA	7			7	100
IMO	5			5	100
PHC	5			5	100

LAGOS OFFICE	1			1	100
SET	1			1	100
TOTAL	2,256	19	3	2,278	99.03

Prosecution Score card: 2007-2016

Year	Cases	Won	Lost/struck out	Success Rate (%)
2007	1,508	1,459	49	96.75
2008	1,720	1,712	8	99.53
2009	1,506	1,497	9	99.27
2010	1,526	1,509	17	98.89
2011	1,501	1,491	10	99.33
2012	1,736	1,718	18	98.96
2013	1,871	1,865	6	99.67
2014	2,070	2,054	16	99.22
2015	1,731	1,690	41	97.63
2016	2,278	2,256	22	99.03
TOTAL	17,447	17,251	196	98.76

7.0 Drug Demand Reduction Responsibility:

In the year 2016, the prime focus of the Directorate was to confront the problems of drugs from the angle of demand reduction. This was carried out through the harmonizing efforts of the three departments within the Directorate namely: Research and NGOs Liaison (R&NGO), Drug Abuse Preventive Education (DAPE), and Treatment and Rehabilitation (T&R).

7.1 Research and Non-Governmental Organisations Liaison (R& NGO)

The unit is charged with the following functions; collecting, collating and analysing drug data questionnaires from Treatment Centres and NDLEA Commands nationwide, which it carried out with all sense of responsibility.

The table below summarises some of the work done by the unit in the period covered by this report

S/N	ACTIVITIES	NUMBER	REMARK
1.	NGOs were vetted and accredited	4	a. Help Gate foundation (Lagos) b. Organisation for Drug Abuse and Violence Free Society (Abia) c. Restoration Global and Rehabilitation Centre for Mental Health care (Abuja) d. Kachako Islamic Medicine Centre Ltd (Kano)
2.	Tasking order to other formations from the Directorate	3	Plateau, Kano and Abuja Commands

3.	NGOs requested for change of name	2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a. Royal line Promotion now Royal Line Social Welfare b. Edutainment Foundation now Ideal Preventing
4.	9 out of 61 registered NGOs forwarded the Agency their activities report for 2016	9	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a. Int'l Church Growth Ministries b. African Youth Initiative on Crime Prevention c. Drug Salvation Foundation d. Green Wealth Initiative e. Northern Youth Assembly f. Living Legend Foundation g. Youth Saving Lifestyle Initiative h. Reach out Foundation i. Harphezo Chaplain Corps and Rescue Mission j.

7.2 Drug Abuse Preventive Education (DAPE)

This unit sensitized and created awareness programmes to the general populace on the dangers inherent in drug abuse and illicit drug trafficking in the society. With this, the unit carried intensive anti-drug abuse education/awareness programme in schools and community based programmes like churches, mosque, market and work places.

In the course of the year under consideration, the total number of programmes conducted for youths in school was 241 with 53,025 as participants. For youths out of school 52 awareness programme was conducted with 13,121 participants. For community based 41 programmes were conducted with 14,995 as participants. Two (2) other programmes were carried out for prison inmates with 403 inmates in attendance. In the work place 32 programmes conducted with 6,533

participants, paramilitary recorded 7 programmes with 201 personnel in attendance. Awareness programmes were also carried out in market places, including NAPMED and 41 programmes were conducted for the media.

7.3 Treatment and After-Care Unit

This unit is saddled with the responsibility of counselling and after-Care services for Drug dependent persons.

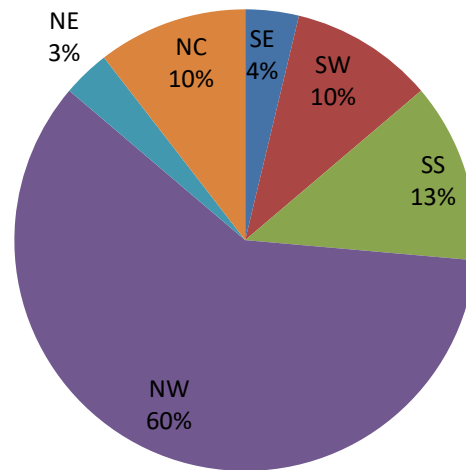
Efforts of the unit nationwide

GEOGRAPHICAL ZONES	MALE	FEMALE	TOTAL CASES HANDLED
ABIA	27	-	27
ADAMAWA	54	-	54
AKWA IBOM	35	1	36
ANAMBRA	25	-	25
BAUCHI	3	-	3
BAYELSA	59	16	75
BENUÉ	33	-	33
CROSS RIVER	72	6	78

EBONYI	45	2	47
EDO	52	8	60
EKITI	133	3	136
ENUGU	5	-	5
FCT	17	-	17
GOMBE	5	-	5
JIGAWA	184	2	186
KADUNA	164	1	165
KANO	439	3	442
KATSINA	693	7	700
KEBBI	29	-	29
KOGI	53	2	55
KWARA	40	1	41
LAGOS	9	3	12
NASARAWA	15	-	15
LAGOS OFFICE	50	4	54
NIGER	118	1	119
OGUN	17	1	18

OSUN	25	-	25
OYO	34	-	34
PLATEAU	11	-	11
RIVERS	96	5	101
SOKOTO	49	2	51
TARABA	9	-	9
YOBE	21	-	21
ZAMFARA	88	-	88
TOTAL	2709	68	2777

COUNSELED BY GEOGRAPHICAL ZONE



North West counselled 60% of the total number of counselees in the period under review.

8.0 Directorate of Training & Manpower Development (DTMD)

In the period covering this report, the DTMD engaged in a number of sponsored programmes locally and internationally. These programmes were largely facilitated by AFRICOM/INL representative of the Embassy of United States of America. Similarly, the UNODC supported the directorate in the year under review.

8.1 INTERNAL MONTHLY TRAINING BY DTMD.

As a result of problems of logistics, the directorate was able to conduct only one monthly training in the year in consideration.

The directorate also facilitated a number of training programmes during the period covering this report. To mention a few;

- a. Six (6) officers were nominated to attend the Policy Strategy and Leadership Course (PSLC) of the National Institute, Kuru, and Plateau State.
- b. Two (2) officers were nominated to attend the programme on Leadership Competencies for Effective Public Sector Finance Management at Akure, Ondo State.
- c. Two (2) officers attended invitation to a final workshop on the national Money Laundering and Terrorism Financing (ML/TF) Risk Assessment (NRA) in Abuja.
- d. Four (4) officers were nominated to attend a workshop on Effective Manpower Planning and Budgeting in Ilorin, Kwara State.
- e. Twenty two (22) officers attended the Technical Working Group Meeting for cannabis sativa Survey in Lagos.
- f. One (1) was invited and attended the Technical Expert Meeting of West Africa Epidemiology on Drug Use (WENDU) held in Abuja.

8.2. Training Programmes by AFRICOM/INL

- a. The AFRICOM/INL trained about one hundred (100) officers of the Agency on Criminal Enterprise Theory Course.
- b. Basic Street survival Course was conducted for about seventy (70) officers at the RADC in Jos. etc
- c. Forty (40) officers were trained on Evidence Collection and Crime Scene Management Course.
- d. Five (5) Intelligence Analysts were sponsored to attend the International Association of Law Enforcement Intelligence Analysts (IALEIA) Training Conference in New Orleans, Louisiana, USA.

8.3. Training Programmes by EU/UNODC

- a. Ten (10) officers attended the Strategic Intelligence Development Programme, in Lagos.
- b. Two hundred and fifty (250) officers attended the Criminal Investigation Course at the RADC, Jos, Plateau State.
- c. Directors' workshop was organised for the directors during the course of the year under consideration.

8.4. Training Out-side the Country Facilitated By DTMD

- a. One (1) officer attended training on Interpol Project to foster stability in West Africa, Dakar, Senegal.
- b. Two (2) officers attended West African Regional Training Centre in Ghana on Fundamental Investigative Criminal Analysis (FICA).
- c. Three (3) officers attended training on Combating Drugs and Psychotropic substances, in Egypt.

TABLE

Agency's Statistics of Training in 2016

/No.	Type of Training	No. of Participants
1.	Monthly Training within the NHQs	30
2.	Local (outside the NHQs)	879
3.	International	44
	Grand Total	953

9.0. Forensic Analysis

During the period under review, the Forensic and Chemical Monitoring Unit (FCMU) conducted analysis on a total of two thousand two hundred and fifty-two (2,252) drug samples from the NHQs and various commands nationwide.

The breakdown is tabulated below:

DRUG TYPE	SAMPLE TESTED
COCAINE	152
HEROIN	66
CANNABIS	1,541
PSYCHOTROPIC	358
PRECURSOR CHEMICALS	12
ATS	17
CODEINE	73
KHAT-CATHA EDULIS	6
NEGATIVE	27
TOTAL	2,252

10.0. FINANCES

The 2016 approved appropriation for the Agency is as follows:

DETAILS	2016 APPROPRIATION	2016 RELEASES	% RELEASED
RECURRENT PERSONNEL COSTS	8,038,782,067	8,038,782,067	100
RECURRNT OVERHEAD COST	352,817,188	254,964,602	72.27
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE	91,200,000	45,600,000	50

11.0 CHALLENGES IN THE YEAR 2016

FUNDS

Delayed cash backing and Fund releases: This issue has become a perennial matter especially regarding the implementation of Capital Expenditure.

Incomplete release of non-sustaining Overhead Envelop: The envelop method of allocation that impoverishes the logistic requirements for our operations was further complicated by releasing only 72.27% of our allocation.

Increased Liabilities: Following from paragraph 2 above, the shortfall in the release of Inadequate Overhead, further increased the Agency's accrued liability to staff and other third parties.

Constraining Envelop System: The envelop system still remains a major constraint as the Agency is not able to implement projects that are of high priority to the actualization of its mandate. The desired nation-wide awareness campaign in all local governments and educational institutions was stalled effectively by the envelop system. Based on our research on arrests and increased violence in the country, it is no longer news that there are some critical trending challenges in the drug control 'which calls for urgent actions in order to forestall the developments and the consequences'. They include;

- a) Increase in the number of clandestine laboratories.
- b) Increased cost of surveillance and operations.
- c) Cost of prosecution and decontamination of clandestine laboratories.
- d) Increase in the consumption of illicit drugs by youths.
- e) The urgent need to educate and create awareness among Nigerian populace on the dangers of these drugs

Vehicles

Most of the State Commands do not have operational vehicles especially rugged ones fit for the terrain (Cannabis farmlands are located in the remote forest) while none of the commands has surveillance vehicle. The official vehicles for the Directors are unserviceable. The Directors have been using these vehicles for about nine (9) years. No State or Area Commander/Assistant Director has an official vehicle attached to him/her. They use their personal vehicles to run the activities of the Agency.

Accommodation

Most officers reside in the office premises nationwide as a result of lack of accommodation. Most of the Agency's offices nationwide are rented and the Agency has not been able to add value to them. There is a need to standardize the Agency's offices nationwide.

Manpower

Inadequate manpower is a big factor that hinders the Agency's operational activities. However, the Federal Government has given approval for employment but the Agency is still waiting for cash backing to embark on this exercise.

Logistics

Other logistics such as handcuffs and leg-chains, life jackets, helmets, tear gas, communication gadgets, etc are not available at all and arms and ammunition are grossly inadequate.

It is worthy of note that barons stockpile arms which are used in attacking officers of the Agency.

12.0 Projection/Conclusion

The current trend in which youths are abusing drugs calls for the collaborative efforts of all and sundry. Continuous enlightenment programme gear towards the youths is necessary in order to sensitize the general populace on the dangers inherent in drug abuse.

The Agency and its workforce have never relented in fighting drug war with the available resources. With adequate funding, logistics, and proactive measures through intelligence led operations, the Agency is set to achieve a better result in the coming year. Also in the years ahead, the Agency plans to place premium on adequate consultation with relevant stakeholders in order to ensure a coherent and multi-sectorial platform for achieving the main goals of Drug Law Policy.

We call on government at all levels, corporate bodies, spirited individuals and non-government organisations to continue partnering with the Agency in order to make our nation safe.

Mode of concealment

- a. Concealment in electronic devices, including photocopiers, laptop casing, cartridges, phones, laptop/phone chargers
- b. Food-stuff
- c. Travelling/handbags
- d. Shoe soles,
- e. Herbal mixture bottles
- f. Hair attachments
- g. Rug carpets
- h. Tins
- i. Motor spare parts
- j. False bottoms of boxes, coolers
- k. Customised buttons
- l. Hems of curtains and clothes
- m. Packs of whiskey bottles
- n. Body cream containers
- o. Perfume bottles/containers
- p. Bathing soap
- q. Hidden in braided human hair
- r. Concealment in ceramic
- s. Inside condoms
- t. Inside jewelleryes
- u. Inside balloons
- v. Bales of cloths
- w. Make-up kit

x. Artworks

Appendices:

Drug Offences and Punishment

**Offences under National Drug Law Enforcement Agency
ACT, CAP N30 Laws of the Federation of Nigeria 2004**

OFFENCE	SECTION	PENALTY
Importation, Manufacture, Produce, Processes, Plant, Grow Cocaine, LSD, Heroin	11(a)	Life Imprisonment
Exports, transports or otherwise traffic in the drugs popularly known as Cocaine, LSD, Heroin or any other similar drugs, shall be guilty of an offence and liable on conviction.	11(b)	Life imprisonment
Sells, buys, exposes or offers for sale or otherwise deals in or with the drugs popularly known as Cocaine, LSD, Heroin or any other similar drugs shall be guilty of an offence and liable on conviction.	11(c)	Life imprisonment
Knowingly possesses or uses the drug popularly known as Cocaine, LSD, Heroin or any other similar drugs by smoking, inhaling or	11(d)	Imprisonment for a term not less than fifteen years but not exceeding 25 years.

OFFENCE	SECTION	PENALTY
injecting the said drugs shall be guilty of an offence and liable on conviction.		
Occupier or is concerned in the management of any premises unlawfully, permits or cause the premises to be used for the purpose of storing, concealing, processing or dealing in drug popularly known as Cocaine, LSD, Heroin or any other similar drug shall be guilty of an offence liable on conviction.	12	Imprisonment for a term not less than fifteen years but not exceeding 25 years.
Storage, custody, movement, carriage or concealment of the drug popularly known as Cocaine, LSD, Heroin or any other similar drug who while concerned is armed with any offensive weapon or is disguised in any way.	13	Life imprisonment.
Incites, promises or induces any other person by any means whatsoever, conspired with and, abets, counsels attempts to	14	Imprisonment for a term not less than fifteen years and not exceeding 25 years.

OFFENCE	SECTION	PENALTY
commit or is an accessory to any act or offence referred to in this act		
Any person who, with intent to deceive unlawfully assumes the name, character or designation of an officer of the Agency	15	Imprisonment for a term not exceeding ten years.
Unlawfully removes, conceals, destroys or in any way tempers with drug popularly known as Cocaine, LSD, Heroin or any other similar drug seized from any person or otherwise in possession of the agency or any authorized person.	16	Imprisonment for a term not exceeding 25 years.
Being in lawful custody, escape, aid any person in lawful custody to escape	17	Imprisonment for a term not exceeding seven years.
Wilfully prevents or attempts to prevent any person who has been duly summoned to attend as a witness before Federal High Court from attending as witness or from producing anything in	18	Imprisonment for a term not exceeding seven years.

OFFENCE	SECTION	PENALTY
evidence pursuant to the subpoena or summons served on him.		
<p>Any person who without lawful authority knowingly possesses the drugs popularly known as Cocaine, LSD, Heroin or any other similar</p> <p>1. Where a person is charged with any of the offences under this act and the evidence established an attempt to commit that offence, he may be convicted of having attempted to commit that offence although the attempt is not separately charged and such a person shall be punished as prescribed for the offence under this act.</p> <p>2. Where a person is charged with an attempt to commit an offence under this act but the evidence establishes the commission of the full offence</p>	<p>23</p> <p>23</p>	<p>Punished as prescribed for the offence under the act.</p> <p>The offender shall not be entitled to acquittal but shall be convicted of the offence and punished as provide under this act.</p>

OFFENCE	SECTION	PENALTY
<p>1. Where an offence under this act which has been committed by a body corporate is proved to have been committed on the instigation or with the connivance of or attributable to any neglect on the part of Director, Manager, Secretary or other similar officer of the corporate body or any person purporting to act in any such capacity he as well as the body corporate. Where practicable, shall be deemed to be guilty of that offence and shall be liable to be proceeded against and punished accordingly.</p> <p>2. Where a body corporate is convicted of any offence under this act, the Federal High Court may order that the body corporate shall thereupon and without and without any further assurance, but for such order be</p>	<p>24</p> <p>24</p>	<p>Shall be liable to be proceeded against and punished accordingly.</p> <p>Be wound up and all its assets and properties forfeited to the Federal Government.</p>

OFFENCE	SECTION	PENALTY
wound up and all its assets and properties forfeited to the Federal Government.		
<p>1. It shall be the duty of every commercial carrier to take reasonable precaution to:</p> <p>(a) ensure that its means of transport are not used in commission of offences under this Act;</p> <p>(b) Comply with appropriate security measures at points of entry and exit in the Federal</p>	25	Liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding ₦100,000.

OFFENCE	SECTION	PENALTY
<p>Republic of Nigeria and other Customs control areas to prevent unauthorized cargo in its means of transportation.</p> <p>2. Such precautions as are referred to in subsection (1) of this Section shall include -</p> <p>(a) the training of personnel to identify suspicious consignment or persons.</p> <p>(b) promotion of integrity of their personnel;</p> <p>(c) submission of cargo manifest advance;</p> <p>(d) use of tamper-resistant individually verifiable seal or containers.</p> <p>(e) reporting to the agency at</p>		

OFFENCE	SECTION	PENALTY
<p>earliest opportunity all suspicious circumstances relating to drug trafficking.</p> <p>3. Any commercial carrier which violates the provision of subsection (1) of this section shall in addition to any other penalty provided in any other act or enactment be guilty of an offence.</p> <p>4. Where an offence under subsection (3) of this section is committed by a body corporate, every person who at the time of commission of the offence was a proprietor, director general, manager, secretary or other similar officer, servant or agent of the body corporate (or a person purporting to act in any such capacity) he as well as the body corporate shall be deemed</p>		

OFFENCE	SECTION	PENALTY
to be guilty of the offence and may be proceeded against and		
PROVISIONS RELATING TO FORFEITURE OF PROPERTIES OF CONVICTS	27	<p>1. Any person convicted of an offence under this act shall forfeit to the federal government</p> <p>(a) all the assets and properties which may or are the subject of an interim order of Federal High Court after an attachment by the agency, as specified in Section 34 of this act.</p> <p>(b) Any assets or property constituted or derived from any proceeds the person obtained, directly or indirectly as a result of such offence not</p>

OFFENCE	SECTION	PENALTY
		<p>already disclosed in the Assets Declaration Form or not falling under paragraph (a) of this subsection.</p> <p>(c) Any of the person's property or instrumentalities used in any manner to commits or to facilitate the commission of such offence not already disclosed in the Assets Declaration or not falling under paragraph (a) of this subsection.</p> <p>(2) The Federal High Court in imposing sentence on such person shall order in addition to any other sentence imposed</p>

OFFENCE	SECTION	PENALTY
		pursuant to section 11 of this ACT, that the person forfeit to the Federal Government, all property described in subsection (1) of this section (3). In this section "proceeds" means any property derived or obtained directly or indirectly through the commission of the offence.
Forfeited property for the avoidance of doubt and without any further assurance than this Act, all the properties of the person convicted of an offence under this ACT and already the subject of an interim order shall be forfeited to the Federal Government.	28	
Forfeiture of Passports	30	The passport of any person convicted of an

OFFENCE	SECTION	PENALTY
		<p>offence involving the illegal importation or exportation of any narcotic drug or psychotropic substance shall be forfeited to the Federal Government and shall not be returned to the person unless or until the President directs otherwise after the grant of a pardon or on the exercise of the prerogative of mercy under the Constitution of the Federal Republic of Nigeria, as amended.</p>
Property subject to forfeiture	31	(a) any property, real or personal, which represents the gross receipts a person obtains directly as a result of the violation

OFFENCE	SECTION	PENALTY
		<p>of this Act or which is traceable to such gross receipts;</p> <p>(b) any property within Nigeria which represents the proceeds of an offence under the laws of a foreign country involving the manufacture, importation, sale, distribution, illicit traffic, abuse or misuse of any narcotic drug or psychotropic substance within whose jurisdiction such offence or activity would be punishable by imprisonment for a term exceeding one year and which would</p>

OFFENCE	SECTION	PENALTY
		be punishable by imprisonment under this Act if such act or activity had occurred within Nigeria.
Other property subject to forfeiture	32	<p>(a) all narcotic drugs or psychotropic substances which have been manufactured, distributed, dispensed or acquired in any manner in violation of this Act;</p> <p>(b) all raw materials, products and equipment of any kind which are used, or intended for use, in manufacturing, compounding, processing, delivering, importing or exporting any narcotic drug or psychotropic substance;</p>

OFFENCE	SECTION	PENALTY
		<p>(c) all instrumentalities of conveyance, including aircraft, vehicles, or vessels which are used or are intended for use, to transport, or in any manner to facilitate the transportation, sale, receipt, possession or concealment of substances described in paragraph (a) or (b) of this section, except that -</p> <p>(i) no means of conveyance used by any person as a common carrier in the transaction of business as a common carrier shall be forfeited</p>

OFFENCE	SECTION	PENALTY
		<p>under this section unless it shall appear that the owner or other person in charge of such means of conveyance was a consenting party or privy to a violation of this Act;</p> <p>(ii) no means of conveyance shall be forfeited under this section by reason of any act established by the owner thereof to have been committed by any person other than such owner while such means of conveyance was unlawfully in the possession of a person other than the owner</p>

OFFENCE	SECTION	PENALTY
		<p>or other person in violation of the criminal laws of Nigeria or any part thereof; and</p> <p>(iii) no means of conveyance shall be forfeited under this section to the extent of an interest of an owner, by reason of any act established by that owner to have been committed without the knowledge, consent or wilful connivance of that owner;</p> <p>(d) all books, records and research, including formulae, microfilms, tapes and data used or intended to be used in violation of any</p>

OFFENCE	SECTION	PENALTY
		<p>provision of this Act;</p> <p>(e) all monies, negotiable instruments, securities or other things of value furnished or intended to be furnished by any person in exchange for any narcotic drug or an exchange, and all monies, negotiable instruments and securities used or intended to be used to facilitate any violation of this Act;</p> <p>(f) all real property, including any right, title and interest (including any leasehold interest) in the whole or any piece or parcel of land</p>

OFFENCE	SECTION	PENALTY
		<p>and any improvements or appurtenances which is used or intended to be used, in any manner or part to commit, or facilitate the commission of, an offence under this Act.</p>

NDLEA Formations nationwide

National Headquarters

No. 4, Shaw Road, Ikoyi-Lagos

Tel: 0709-810-4641

Website: www.ndlea.gov.ng

Agency's E-mail: narcoagency@hyperia.com

Directors' E-mail Addresses and Telephone Numbers

SN	NAME	RANK	DIRECTORATE	PHONE NO 1	PHONE 2	E-MAIL
01.	OPARA L. U. mni	ACGN	DTMD NHQ	08023053682		lawopara@yahoo.com
02.	OLORUNTOBA FEMI A.	ACGN	DTS NHQ	08060166455		femitoba2005@yahoo.com
03.	JOSEPH NBONA SUNDAY	ACGN	DPLS NHQ	08033339168	08026354353	mbonasunday@yahoo.com
04.	BABA HUSSAINI mni	ACGN	DDRD NHQ	08038941885		bhusyu@yahoo.com
05.	EGBASE VICTORIA I. O. mni	ACGN	DAFI NHQ	08037152827	08054609031	onolegal@yahoo.com
06.	MABO OLUGBENGA.	ACGN	DOGI NHQ	0823027071		remadetmabo@yahoo.co.uk
07.	MSHELIA YOHANA S. fsi	ACGN	DAF NHQ	08057715051	08082501214	Yoha59@yahoo.com

State/Special Area Commanders' Telephone Numbers and Addresses Nationwide

SN	NAME	RANK	COMMAND	ADDRESS	PHONE NO 1	E-MAIL
1.	DELE AKINGBADE fsi	CN	ABIA	Old Party Secretariat, Ogbor Hill, Aba	08037154307	ndlea.abia_state@yahoo.com m.delegbade@yahoo.com
2.	AUDU WASILAT fsi	CN	NHQS ABUJA	Abuja Liaison Service, 5 th Floor, B Wing, Federal Secretariat Complex, Shehu Shagari Way, Abuja	08023091774	narcoagency@yahoo.com
3.	YAKUBU KIBO	DCN	ADAMAWA	Old SDP Secretariat, No. 1, Abdullahahi Bashir Street, Yola Road, Jimeta, P. M. B. 2165	08033747928	ndleadsc@yahoo.com
4.	ADEYEMI ADEOFE fdc	CN	AIIA	AKANU IBIAM INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT ENUGU	08033402388	
5.	GAURA SHEDOW	CN	AKWA IBOM	291, Nwana-iba Road, Uyo	08023079564	jocefyne@yahoo.com , drugfreeinaks@yahoo.com
6.	MOMODU SULE fsi	CN	ANAMBRA	Old Party Secretariat, Nsugbe Road, Rans Nkis, P. M. B. 1631, Onitsha	08023164402	ndleaanambra@yahoo.com
7.	TITUS AWOGBUYI TOYIN	CN	APAPA PORT	Apapa Port Command, Creek Road, Apapa	08034926232	ndleaapsac@yahoo.com nsejack2007@yahoo.com
8.	Dr. IBRAHIM ABDUL	CN	BAUCHI	White House, Mechanic Village, Jos Road, Bauchi	08033030286	bnblea@yahoo.com
9.	ABDULLAHI ABDUL	CN	BAYELSA	Okutukuta, Nbiama, Yengoa Road, Bayesla	08035860787	ndleabysc@yahoo.com
10.	EZEONYE FLORENCE	DCN	BENUE	Old SDP Secretariat, Ankpa Road, Makurdi	08023196475	ndlea20@yahoo.com chitimobijuru@yahoo.co.uk
11.	IWEAJUNWA JOSEPH	DCN	BORNO	Old Party Secretariat, Gambororu Ngala Road, P. M. B. 1591, Maiduguri	08138421148	ndleaborno@yahoo.com ogilegwus@yahoo.com
12.	SANI I SANI fdc	CN	CCEO ABUJA	Abuja Liaison Service, 5 th Floor, B Wing, Federal Secretariat Complex, Shehu Shagari Way, Abuja	08033248776	saniibrahimsani@gmail.com
13.	EDE ANTHONIA	CN	C/RIVER	3, Harbour Road, Calabar	08037272370	crscommand@yahoo.com ndleacrs@yahoo.com

14.	OBIEFULE DENNIS fsi	CN	DELTA	Old SDP Secretariat, Isah Raod, Ogwashi- Uku	08036671704	deltastatecommand@yahoo.com
15.	RALPH IGWENAGWU	CN	EBONYI	10, Elias Odili Street, Abakaliki	08033086716	ebonyistatecommand@yahoo.com
16.	WAKAWA BUBA	DCN	EDO	Old SDP Secretariat, Upper Sakponba Road, Benin-City	08039696982	ndleaedo@yahoo.com
17.	BAMAYI BAGGE	DCN	EKITI	Akinsola Street, off Iworoko Road, Opp. Ekiti Kete Transport Company, Ado Ekiti	09034800347	ndleakiti@yahoo.com
18.	OHANYERE ANTHONY mni	CN	ENUGU	Old SDP Party Secretariat, Vosan Drive, Independence Layout, Enugu	08033466150	enugundlea@yahoo.com , enugucommand@yahoo.com
19.	OBIJURU CHINYERE H. fsi	CN	FCT COMMAND	Plot 1093, Joseph Golmwalk Street Gudu, Abuja	08023016786	ndleafct@yahoo.com
20.	ADOLE ALIYU.	CN	GOMBE	Old BASAC Office, BCJ Gombe	08027815232	narcoagencygombe@yahoo.com
21.	UMEBUALI RACHAEL	DCN	IDIROKO	Nigeria-Benin Republic International Border Post, Idiroko	07067440774	ndleaidiroko@yahoo.com
22.	NIMBANG ASSIANA G.	CN	IMO	Old NRC Party Office, Aba Road, Owerri	08033210726	ndleaimo@yahoo.com
23.	JOSEPHINE RsUTH OBI	CN	JIGAWA	NIFOR Quarters, Dutse	08033658878	jigawacommand@yahoo.com
24.	AZIGE SAMUEL	CN	KADUNA	Olusegun Obasanjo Secretariat, Yakubu Gowon Road, Kaduna	08037300717	ndleakaduna@yahoo.com
25.	HAMZA UMAR mni	CN	KANO	Kano State Command, Airport Road, Kano	08053119955	ndleaksc@yahoo.com
26.	MARIAM SANI	CN	KATSINA	Party Secretariat, Kofar Kwaya, Katsina	08036124588	ndleakat@yahoo.com
27.	JADI SULEIMAN fsi	CN	KEBBI	No. 25, Emir Haruna Road, P. M. B. 1104, Birinin Kebbi	08058404507	narcokbcmd@hotmail.com arcokb@yahoo.com
28.	IDRIS BELLO	CN	KOGI	New Layout Liberty Hotel, Lokoja	08033306809	ndleakogistatecommand@yahoo.com
29.	ONA JOSEPH OGILEGWU fsi	DCN	KWARA	Defunct NRC Party Office, KM 2, Sobi Barrcaks Road, Ilorin	08033218346	ndleakwsc@yahoo.com
30.	SULE ALIYU	CN	LAGOS	Lagos State Command, NAHCO Shed, Ikeja	08033236665	ndlealagstatecmd@yahoo.com

31.	AMBROSE UMORU	CN	MAKIA	Mallam Aminu Kano International Airport, Kano	08036078944	makiacommand@yahoo.com ambroseumoru@yahoo.com
32.	AHMADU GARUBA	CN	MMIA	Murtala Mohammed International Airport, NACHO Shed, Ikeja	08061524093	mmiandlea@yahoo.com danuma@yahoo.com
33.	LAWAL HAMISU A.	CN	NAIA	Nnamdi Azikiwe International Airport, Abuja	08037269575	naia77@yahoo.com hamisualhaji@yahoo.com
34.	SAMAILA ETHAN	DCN	NASARAWA	Makuridi Road, Lafia	08030906892	narcoagencynascom@yahoo.com
35.	EKAITTE JACOBS	DCN	NIGER	Defunct NRC Secretariat, Western By-pass, Opp. Police Sec. School, Minna	08037185391	nigercommand@yahoo.com
36.	BALA FAGGAE	CN	OGUN	Quarter 07, Oba Ademola Road, GRA, Abeokuta	08034530352	cmdogun@ndlea.com
37.	MALAMI SOKOTO fsi	CN	ONDO	257, Alagbaka GRA, Akure	08033359795	ondostatecommand@yahoo.com
38.	EGBEOLA SAMUEL	CN	OSUN	Testing Ground, Old Ikirun Road, former, Ministry of Information Premises, Osogbo	08038547939	ndleaosun@yahoo.com tnwando@yahoo.com
39.	OMOLADE FABOYEDE. fsi	CN	OYO	Quarter 585, Links Reservation Onireke, GRA Ibadan	08023543148	ndleaoyosc@yahoo.com ndleaoyostatecmd@yahoo.com
40.	OLUTEKUNBI DAVIS B.	CN	PHIA	Port Harcourt International Airport	08033429558	ndleaphia@yahoo.com daviesabatunde@yahoo.com
41.	BRAJI IBRAHIM	DCN	PLATEAU	New Rikkos Layout, Jos	08033774086	narcojos@rocketmail.com ngomadu2001@yahoo.com
42.	FIDELIS COCODIA	CN	PH PORT	Onne Port, Port Harcourt	08035521857	ndleaphpc@yahoo.com
43.	SEGUN OKE	CN	REGIONAL ACADEMY	RADC, Opposite Lamingo Lake, Katon, Rikkos, Jos	08037236856	drugacademyjos@hotmail.com
44.	SHELLENG RACHAEL	CN	RIVERS	Defunct SDP Secretariat, Artillery Junction, Aba Road, Port Harcourt	08037010322	riversstatecommand@yahoo.com
45.	UDOTONG NOAH	DCN	SEME	Nieria-Benin Republic International Border Post, Seme	08037132504	ndleasemecommand@yahoo.com semecommand@yahoo.com

46.	MISBAU IDRIS	CN	SOKOTO	Former Party House, along Kalam Baina Road, Arkill, Nasarawa	08033235455	ndleasokoto@yahoo.com mmisbauidris@yahoo.com
47.	ISHIAKU KWAJAJA	CN	TARABA	Tukura Road, Magami Behind Yelwa Annex, Jalingo	08034172119	ndleatrscstaraba@yahoo.com
48.	INAM NSE JACK	CN	TINCAN PORT	Tincan Island Port, Oshodi-Apapa Express Way, Laogs	08083265595	ndleatincan@yahoo.com
49.	APEH REUBEN	DCN	YOBE	KM 7, Gujuba Road, Old Customs Office MOPOL Base, Damaturu	08062852663	ndleayobestate@gmail.com
50.	ADAMU EIGEGE fsi	DCN	ZAMFARA	Samara , Zaria Road, near Hotel Gusau	08085816613	zamfara@yahoo.com ndleazamfara@yahoo.com
51.	ZIRANGEY SUNDAY D.	CN	CMDR. SIU	NHQs Lagos	08062518826	sudrangey@yahoo.com
52.	ADENIYI MUYIWA	ACN	CMDR, JTF	NHQ, 4, Shaw Road, Ikoyi, Lagos	08034350749	adeniyi.muyis@yahoo.com
53.	AHMED NINGI S.	CN	SPECIAL ASSISTANT	NHQ, 4, Shaw Road, Ikoyi, Lagos	08023627526	ahmedsningi@yahoo.com
54.	ISA ADORO	CN	HEAD, INTERNAL AFFAIRS	NHQ, 4, Shaw Road, Ikoyi, Lagos	08033356488	isaadoro@yahoo.com
55.	PARAH JULIUS fsi	CN	HEAD INTELLIGENCE DATA CENTRE	NHQ, 4, Shaw Road, Ikoyi, Lagos	08036127553	parahb@yahoo.com
56.	OGUEJIOFOR NGOZI V.	CN	COORD, NDCMP NHQ	NHQ, 4, Shaw Road, Ikoyi, Lagos	08033017749	ngozi.oguejiofor@yahoo.com
57.	MAGARET OGUNDIPE	CN	COORD, CMU	NHQ, 4, Shaw Road, Ikoyi, Lagos	08023063468	megyinkahotmail.com
58.	DR. DANIEL ONYEZEBE	CN	CMDR, CANINE	NHQ, 4, Shaw Road, Ikoyi, Lagos	08023765445	Chibuzor66@gmail.com

